Mark schemes

1

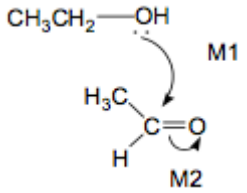
(a) (i) <u>Nucleophilic addition</u>

Any extra loses the mark

Allow minor spelling errors e.g. nucleophyllic

1

(ii)



M1 for arrow from lone pair on oxygen in ethanol to C of C=O (or to space half way between O and C)

M2 for arrow from C=O bond to oxygen in ethanal

Do not allow M2 as first step without nucleophilic attack, but can allow M1 for attack on C+ produced

+ rather than δ+ on C=O loses M2

Ignore any further steps

Mark independently

1

1

(b) (i) <u>Equal</u> mixture of enantiomers/optical isomers OWTTE

1

(ii) (Non-superimposable) mirror images

Ignore rotates light in opposite directions

Ignore stereoisomers

1

(c) (i) Ethan**al** 0.33

1

Ethan**ol** 4.16

Allow 4.2 for ethanol

1

(ii) $K_c = \dfrac{[acetal][H_2O]}{[CH_3CHO][CH_3CH_2OH]^2}$ or with names

$\dfrac{(0.37/0.31)(0.65/0.31)}{(0.58/0.31)(3.76/0.31)^2}$ **OR** $\dfrac{(0.37)(0.65)}{(0.58)(3.76)^2} \times 0.31$

Ignore slips in acetal structure or formula $C_6H_{14}O_2$

If K_c wrong, allow M4 only for units conseq to their K_c

If volume omitted (gives 2.93×10^{-2}) may only score M1 and M4

If volume used = 310 cm^3 allow M2 then award M3 for 9.08 – 9.23 only and M4 for mol^{-1} cm^3 only

Treat error in converting 310 cm^3 to dm^3 as AE

M1
M2

9.1×10^{-3}

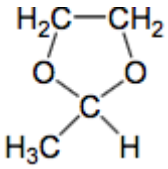
Allow range 9.08×10^{-3} – 9.23×10^{-3}

M3

$mol^{-1}dm^3$

Not $moles^{-1}dm^3$

M4

(d) 

1

[12]

2 (a) $CH_3CH_2COCH_3 + 2[H] \longrightarrow CH_3CH_2CH(OH)CH_3$

1

(b) This question is marked using levels of response. Refer to the Mark Scheme Instructions for Examiners for guidance on how to mark this question.

All stages are covered and the explanation of each stage is generally correct and virtually complete.

Answer is communicated coherently and shows a logical progression from stage 1 to stage 2 then stage 3.

Level 3
5 – 6 marks

All stages are covered but the explanation of each stage may be incomplete or may contain inaccuracies OR two stages are covered and the explanations are generally correct and virtually complete.

Answer is mainly coherent and shows progression from stage 1 to stage 3.

Level 2
3 – 4 marks

Two stages are covered but the explanation of each stage may be incomplete or may contain inaccuracies, OR only one stage is covered but the explanation is generally correct and virtually complete.

Answer includes isolated statements but these are not presented in a logical order or show confused reasoning.

Level 1
1 – 2 marks

Insufficient correct chemistry to gain a mark.

Level 0
0 marks

Indicative Chemistry content

Stage 1: Formation of product
- Nucleophilic attack
- Planar carbonyl group
- H^- attacks from either side (stated or drawn)

Stage 2: Nature of product
- Product of step 1 shown
- This exists in two chiral forms (stated or drawn)
- Equal amounts of each enantiomer / racemic mixture formed

Stage 3: Optical activity
- Optical isomers / enantiomers rotate the plane of polarised light equally in
- With a racemic / equal mixture the effects cancel

6

[7]

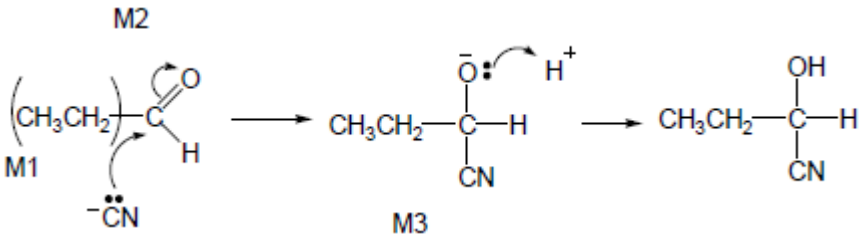
3 D

[1]

4 (a) Nucleophilic addition

1

M4 for lp, arrow and H+

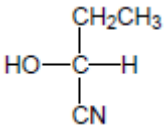


Allow C_2H_{5-} for CH_3CH_{2-}

- *M1 and M4 include lone pair and curly arrow.*
- *Allow: CN^- but arrow must start at lone pair on C.*
- *M2 not allowed independent of M1, but allow M1 for correct attack on C+.*
- *+ rather than δ+ on C=O loses M2.*
- *Penalise incorrect partial charges.*
- *M3 is for correct structure including minus sign but lone pair is part of M4.*
- *Penalise extra curly arrows in M4.*

4

(b) (i) M1



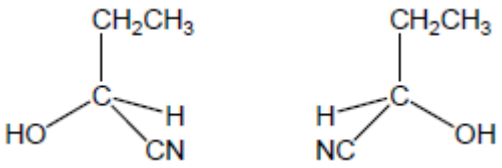
M1 for correct structure of product of part (a).

Allow C_2H_{5-} for CH_3CH_{2-}.

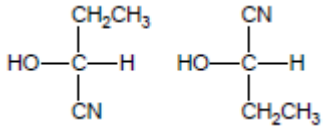
Penalise wrongly bonded, OH or CN or CH_2CH_3 once only in clip.

1

M2

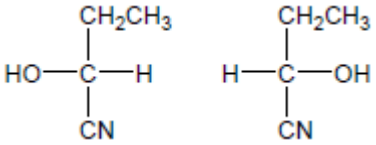


M2 cannot be gained by simply swapping two or more groups with no attempt to show a mirror image., e.g. do not allow M2 for



because these do not <u>show</u> the enantiomers as mirror images.

Students must <u>show</u> an attempt at mirror images, eg allow

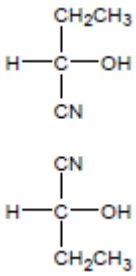


ie vertical groups same and horizontal swapped as if there was a mirror between them

No mirror need be shown

Do not penalize wedge bond when wedge comes into contact with both C & N

However these two could score M2 if placed as below as if with a "mirror" horizontally between them.



1

(ii) M1 (Plane) <u>polarized light</u>

M2 only scores following correct M1

1

M2 <u>Rotated</u> in <u>opposite</u> directions (equally) (only allow if M1 correct or close)

Not just in different directions but allow one rotates light to the left and one to the right.

Not molecules rotate.

1

(c) <u>2-hydroxybutane(-1-)nitrile</u>

1

(d) Weak acid / (acid) only slightly / partially dissociated / ionised

Ignore rate of dissociation.

1

$[CN^-]$ very low

Allow (very) few cyanide ions.

Mark independently.

1

(e) (i) $H_2C{=}CH{-}CH_3 + NH_3 + \frac{3}{2}O_2 \longrightarrow H_2C{=}CH{-}CN + 3H_2O$

OR

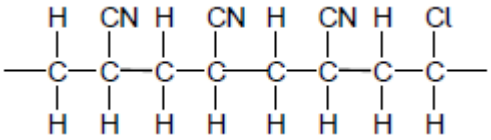
$H_2C{=}CH{-}CH_3 + NH_3 + 3O_2 \longrightarrow H_2C{=}CH{-}CN + 3H_2O_2$

OR doubled.

Allow C_3H_6 and CH_2CHCN or C_3H_3N on this occasion only.

1

(ii)

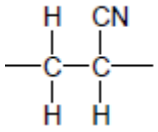
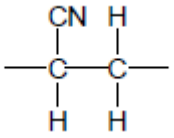
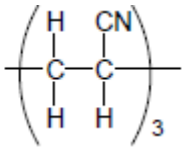


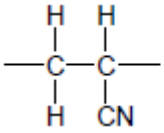
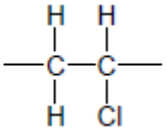
Ignore n.

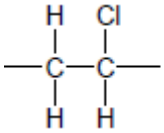
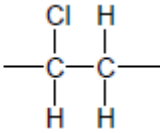
Must show trailing bonds.

Do not penalise C–NC bond here on this occasion.

Must contain, in any order,

3 of  or 3 of  or 

Allow  or 

and one of  or 

Allow –$CH_2CH(CN)CH_2CHCl$– etc.

1

(iii) Addition (polymerization)

Allow self-addition.

Do not allow additional.

1

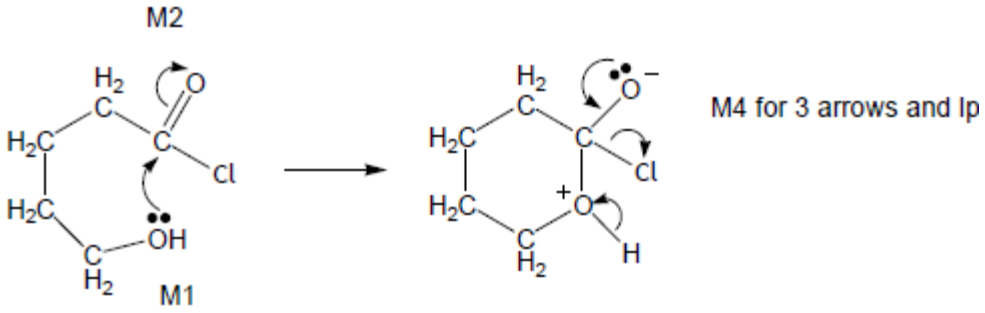
[15]

5 (a) (i) (nucleophilic) addition-elimination

Not electrophilic addition-elimination

Ignore esterification

1



M3 for structure

- *If wrong nucleophile used or O–H broken in first step, can only score M2.*
- *M2 not allowed independent of M1, but allow M1 for correct attack on C+*
- *+ rather than δ+ on C=O loses M2.*
- *If Cl lost with C=O breaking lose M2.*
- *M3 for correct structure <u>with charges</u> but lone pair on O is part of M4.*
- *Only allow M4 after correct / very close M3.*
- *Ignore HCl shown as a product.*

4

a 20-50 (ppm) or single value or range entirely within this range

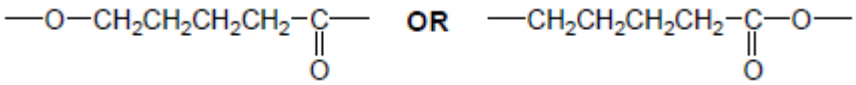
If values not specified as a or b then assume first is a.

1

b 50-90 (ppm) or single value or range entirely within this range

1

(ii)

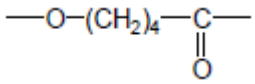


Must have trailing bonds, but ignore n.

1

OR $-OCH_2CH_2CH_2CH_2CO-$ **OR** $-CH_2CH_2CH_2CH_2COO-$

Allow



but not - C_4H_{8-}

one unit only

Condensation

1

(b)

	Tollens'	Fehling's / Benedicts	Acidified potassium dichromate

Penalise wrong formula for Tollens or missing acid with potassium dichromate but mark on.

1

J	No reaction / no (visible) change / no silver mirror	No reaction / no (visible) change / stays blue / no red ppt	No reaction / no (visible) change / stays orange / does not turn green

Ignore 'clear', 'nothing'.

Penalise wrong starting colour for dichromate.

1

K	Silver <u>mirror</u> / grey <u>ppt</u>	Red <u>ppt</u> (allow brick red or red-orange)	(orange) turns green

1

J Two (peaks)

Allow trough, peak, spike.

1

K Four (peaks)

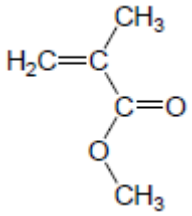
Ignore details of splitting.

If values not specified as J or K then assume first is J.

1

(c) If all the structures are unlabelled, assume that the first drawn ester is L, the second ester is M; the first drawn acid is N, the second P. The cyclic compound should be obvious.

L
ester



OR $H_2C=C(CH_3)COOCH_3$

All $C_5H_8O_2$ L to P must have C=C.

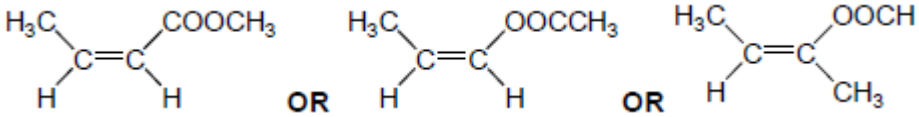
Allow CH_3–.

Allow $-CO_2CH_3$ etc.

Allow $CH_2C(CH_3)COOCH_3$.

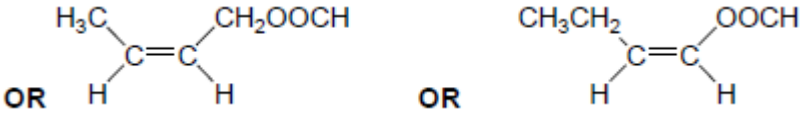
1

M

ester 

OR OR

$CH_3CH=CHCOOCH_3$ $CH_3CH=CHOOCCH_3$ $CH_3CH=C(CH_3)OOCH$



OR OR

$CH_3CH=CHCH_2OOCH$ $CH_3CH_2CH=CHOOCH$

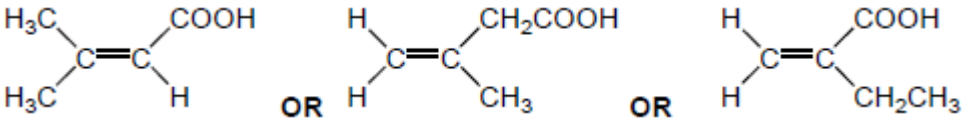
Allow either E–Z isomer.

Allow CH_3- or C_2H_5- but not CH_2CH_3-.

Allow $CH_3CHCHCOOCH_3$ etc.

1

N

acid 

OR OR

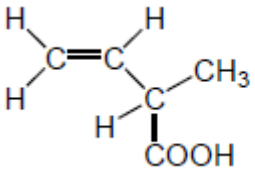
$(CH_3)_2C=CHCOOH$ $H_2C=C(CH_3)CH_2COOH$ $H_2C=C(COOH)CH_2CH_3$

Allow CH_3- or C_2H_5- but not CH_2CH_3-.

Allow $-CO_2H$.

Not cyclic isomers.

Not the optically active isomer.

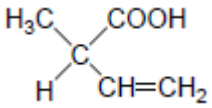


which is P anyway

Allow $(CH_3)_2CCHCOOH$ etc.

1

P

acid 

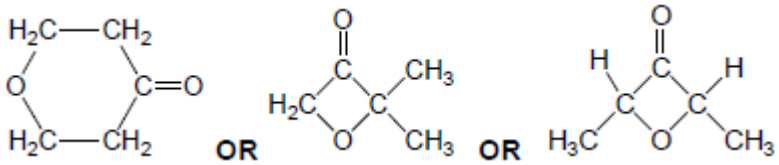
Allow $-CO_2H$.

$CH_3CH(COOH)CH=CH_2$

Allow $CH_3CH(CO_2H)CHCH_2$ or $CH_3CH(CO_2H)C_2H_3$.

1

Q



Not cyclic esters.

1

[19]

6 (a) nucleophilic addition

1

Attack by HCN loses M1 and M2
M2 not allowed independent of M1, but
allow M1 for correct attack on C+
+C=O loses M2
M2 only allowed if correct carbon attacked
allow minus charge on N i.e. :CN⁻

4

M3 for completely correct structure not including lp

allow C_3H_7 in M3

M4 for lp and arrow

allow without –

1

2-hydroxy-2-methylpentan(e)nitrile

allow 2-hydroxy-2-methylpentanonitrile

(b) Product from **Q** is a racemic mixture/equal amounts of enantiomers

if no reference to products then no marks;

1

racemic mixture is inactive or inactive explained

*not **Q** is optically active or has a chiral centre etc*

1

Product from **R** is inactive (molecule) or has no chiral centre

1

[9]

7

(a) **X** (O–H) <u>(alcohols)</u>

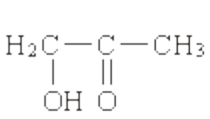
penalise acid or missing "alcohol"

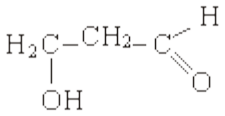
1

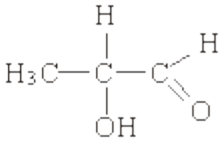
Y C=O

allow carbonyl

1



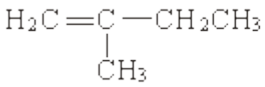


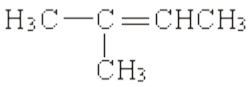


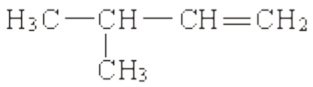
A

NOT acid

4

(b) 



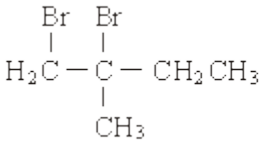


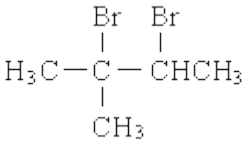
Allow conseq dibromocompounds following incorrect unbranched alkenes

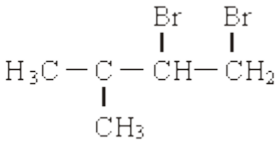
NOT allow dibromocompound consequent on a duplicate alkene

NOT allow monobromocompounds if HBr added

3







3

6:3:1 either next to correct structure or to none

1

Allow a mark for identifying correct dibromocompound with three peaks even if integration ratio is wrong

1

if 6:3:1 missing or wrong, no marks for splitting

Only award a mark for splitting if it is clear which integration number it refers to

6 singlet or drawn

1

3 doublet or drawn

1

1 quartet/quadruplet or drawn

1

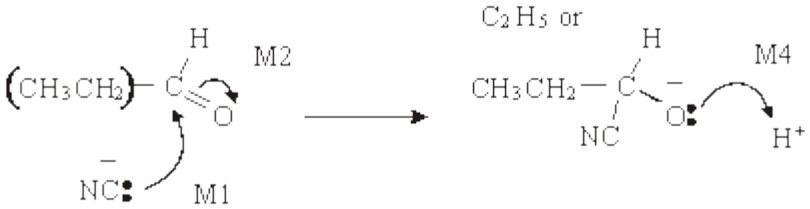
(max 10 marks)

[16]

8 B

[1]

9 (a) necleophilic addition;



1

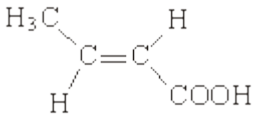
M3 structure;

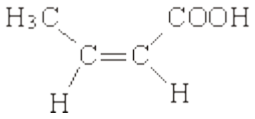
(be lenient on position of charge on CN–)
(M2 not allowed independent of M1,
but allow M1 for correct attack on C+
if M2 show as independent first.)
(+on C of C=O loses M2 but ignore δ+ if correct)
(M4 for arrow and lone pair (only allow for correct M3 or close))

4

(b) (i) 2-hydroxybutanoic acid

1

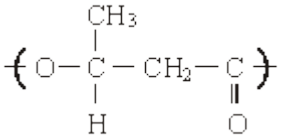
(ii) 



1

geometric(al) or cis-trans

1

(c) (i) 

(one unit only) (ignore brackets or n) (trailing bonds are needed)

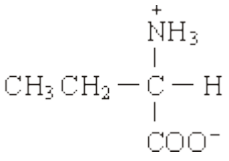
1

(ii) can be hydrolysed

OR

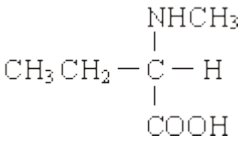
can be reacted with/attacked by acid/base/nucleophiles/H_2O/OH^-;

1

(d) (i) 

(allow $-NH_3^+$)

1

(ii) 

(or zwitterions product)

1

(iii) nucleophilic substitution;

1

[14]