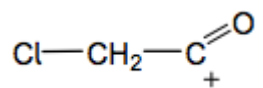


## Mark schemes

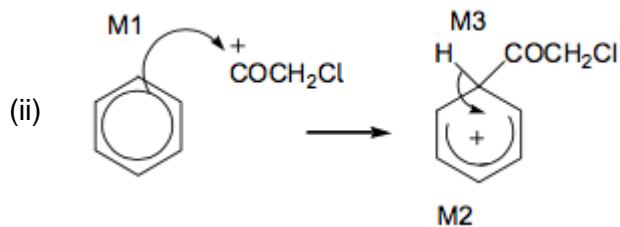
1

(a) (i)



Allow  $[\text{ClCH}_2\text{CO}]^+$

1



M1 for arrow from inside hexagon to C or + on C on correct electrophile

M2 for structure of intermediate

- Horseshoe centred on C1;
- + in intermediate not too close to C1 (allow on or "below" a line from C2 to C6)

M3 for Arrow from bond to H into ring

- Allow M3 arrow independent of M2 structure
- + on H in intermediate loses M2 not M3
- Ignore Cl- removing  $\text{H}^+$

1  
1  
1

(b) Reagent

Water

(Aqueous) silver nitrate

NaOH followed by acidified silver nitrate

(Water +) named indicator

*Named alcohol*

*Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> or NaHCO<sub>3</sub>*

*Ammonia*

1

**P**

No reaction

No reaction (or slow formation of ppt)

No reaction (or slow formation of ppt)

No colour change

*NVC*

*NVC*

*No reaction*

*Do NOT award*

*No observation*

1

**Q**

Steamy /misty/ white fumes

White precipitate (immediately formed)

White precipitate (immediately formed)

Indicator turns to correct acid colour

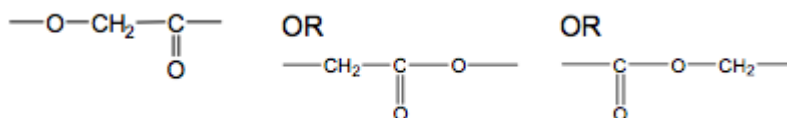
*Fruity or sweet smell or misty fumes*

*Fizzing or effervescence (not just gas produced)*

*White smoke*

1

(c) (i)



*One unit only*

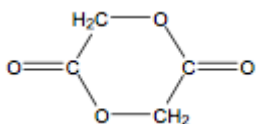
*Must have trailing bonds*

*Ignore n and brackets*

*allow ---O---CH<sub>2</sub>---CO---*

1

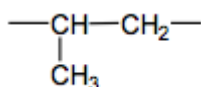
(i)



*Allow CO for C=O*

1

(d) (i)



*One unit only*

*Must have trailing bonds*

*Ignore n and brackets*

1

(ii) PGA sutures react/dissolve/break down/are biodegradable/  
are hydrolysed / attacked by water or nucleophiles /no need to  
remove

*OR Polypropene not biodegradeable/ not hydrolysed / not attacked  
by water/nucleophiles*

1

(Ester links have) polar bonds

*polypropene contains non-polar bonds*

*ignore intermolecular forces*

1

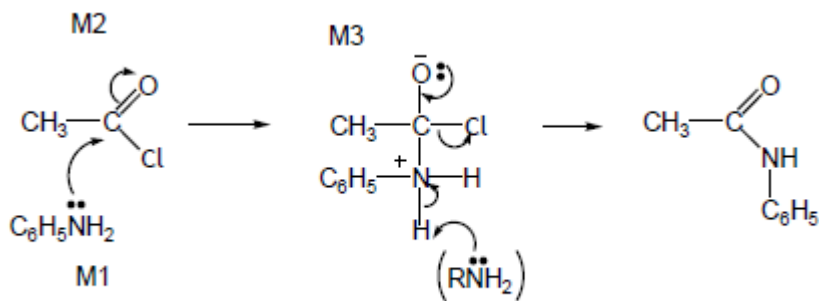
[12]

2

(a) (nucleophilic) addition-elimination

*Not electrophilic addition-elimination*

1



M4 for 3 arrows and lp

Allow  $C_6H_5$  or benzene ring

Allow attack by  $:NH_2C_6H_5$

M2 not allowed independent of M1, but allow M1 for correct attack on  $C^+$

M3 for correct structure with charges but lone pair on O is part of M4

M4 (for three arrows and lone pair) can be shown in more than one structure

4

(b) **The minimum quantity of hot water was used:**

To ensure the hot solution would be saturated / crystals would form on cooling

1

**The flask was left to cool before crystals were filtered off:**

Yield lower if warm / solubility higher if warm

1

**The crystals were compressed in the funnel:**

Air passes through the sample not just round it

Allow better drying but not water squeezed out

1

**A little cold water was poured through the crystals:**

To wash away soluble impurities

1

(c) Water

Do not allow unreacted reagents

1

Press the sample of crystals between filter papers

Allow give the sample time to dry in air

1

(d)  $M_r$  product = 135.0

1

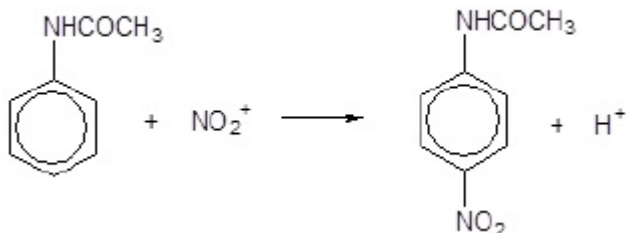
$$\text{Expected mass} = 5.05 \times \frac{135.0}{93.0} = 7.33 \text{ g}$$

1

$$\text{Percentage yield} = \frac{4.82}{7.33} \times 100 = 65.75 = 65.8(\%)$$

*Answer must be given to this precision*

(e)



OR



1

(f) Electrophilic substitution

1

(g) Hydrolysis

1

(h) Sn / HCl

*Ignore acid concentration; allow Fe / HCl*

1

[18]

3

(a) Electrophilic substitution

*Both words needed*

*Ignore minor misspellings*

1

(b) (i) Sn / HCl

**OR** H<sub>2</sub> / Ni **OR** H<sub>2</sub> / Pt **OR** Fe / HCl **OR** Zn / HCl **OR** SnCl<sub>2</sub> / HCl

*Ignore conc or dil with HCl,*

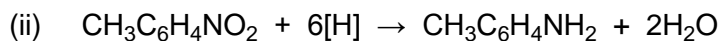
*Allow (dil) H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> but not conc H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>*

*Not allow HNO<sub>3</sub> or H<sup>+</sup>*

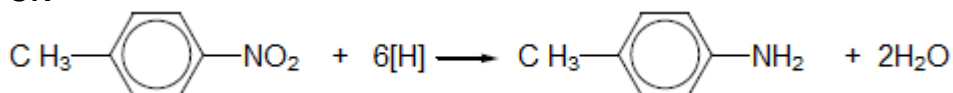
*Ignore NaOH after Sn / HCl*

*Ignore catalyst*

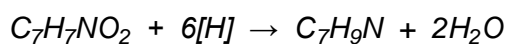
1



OR



Allow molecular formulae as structures given



Qu states use [H], so penalised  $3\text{H}_2$

1

(iii) making dyes

OR making quaternary ammonium salts

OR making (cationic) surfactants

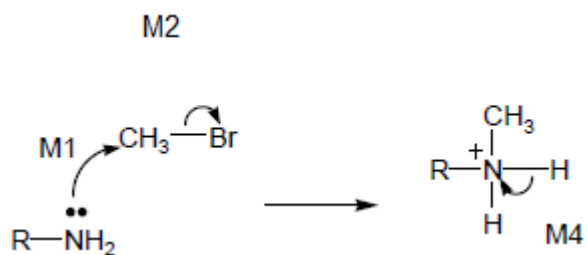
OR making hair conditioner

OR making fabric softener

OR making detergents

1

(c)



M3

NO Mark for name of mechanism

Allow SN1

M1 for lone pair on N and arrow to C or mid point of space between N and C

M2 for arrow from bond to Br

M3 for structure of protonated secondary amine

M4 for arrow from bond to N or + on N

For M4: ignore  $\text{RNH}_2$  or  $\text{NH}_3$  removing  $\text{H}^+$  but penalise  $\text{Br}^-$

4

(d) lone or electron pair on N

If no mention of lone pair CE = 0

If lone pair mentioned but not on N then lose M1 and mark on

M1

1

in **J** spread / delocalised into ring (or not delocalised in **K**)

*Ignore negative inductive effect of benzene*

*Allow interacts with  $\pi$  cloud for M2*

M2

1

less available (for protonation or donation in **J**)

M3

**OR**

in **K** there is a positive inductive effect / electron releasing)

M2

more available (for protonation or donation in **K**)

M3

1

[11]

4

(a) (i)  $3(-120) - (-208) = -152$

OR

$3(120) - 208 = 152 \text{ (kJ mol}^{-1}\text{)}$

*Must show working and answer and maths must be correct, but ignore sign*

1

(ii) Electrons delocalised OR delocalisation (QOL)

OR

allow reference to resonance (QOL)

1

(b) x, y, w

*Must be in this order*

1

(c) (i)  $-240 \text{ (kJ mol}^{-1}\text{)}$

*Must have minus sign*

1

(ii) between  $-239$  and  $-121 \text{ (kJ mol}^{-1}\text{)}$

*Must have minus sign*

1

(iii) Must specify which diene:

Proximity – for 1,3 C=C bonds are close together

*allow converse for 1,4 diene*

M1

1

Delocalisation – for 1,3 some delocalisation

OR

some overlap of electrons,  $\pi$  clouds or p orbitals

*allow converse for 1,4 diene*

M2

1

some extra stability for the 1,3- isomer

M3

1

[8]

5

(a) Hydrogen bond(ing)

*Allow H bonding.*

*Penalise mention of any other type of bond.*

1

(b) (i) Ammonia is a nucleophile

*Allow ammonia has a lone pair.*

1

Benzene repels nucleophiles

*Allow (benzene) attracts / reacts with electrophiles.*

**OR** benzene repels electron rich species or lone pairs.

**OR** C–Cl bond is short / strong / weakly polar.

1

(ii)  $H_2 / Ni$  **OR**  $H_2 / Pt$  **OR**  $Sn / HCl$  **OR**  $Fe / HCl$

*Ignore dil / conc of HCl.*

*Ignore the term 'catalyst'.*

*Allow  $H_2SO_4$  with Sn and Fe but not conc.*

*Ignore NaOH following correct answer.*

*Not  $NaBH_4$  nor  $LiAlH_4$ .*

1

(iii) conc  $HNO_3$

conc  $H_2SO_4$

1

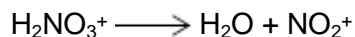
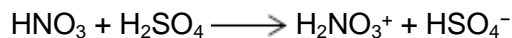
*If either or both conc missed can score 1 for both acids.*

1

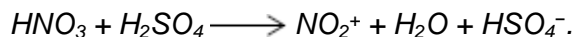




OR using two equations



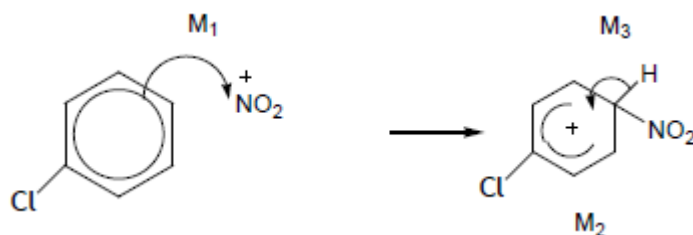
Allow 1:1 equation.



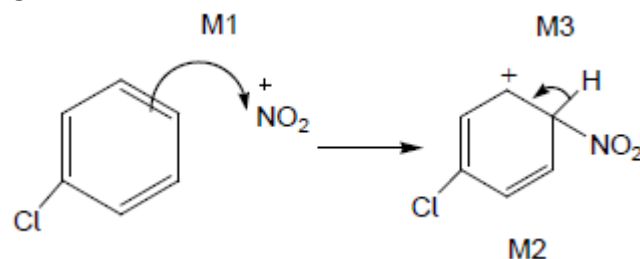
1

(iv) Electrophilic substitution

1



OR

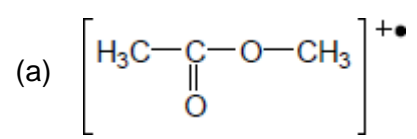


- Ignore position or absence of Cl in M1 but must be in correct position for M2.
- M1 arrow from within hexagon to N or + on N.
- Allow  $\text{NO}_2^+$  in mechanism.
- Bond to  $\text{NO}_2$  must be to N for structure mark M2.
- Gap in horseshoe must be centered around correct carbon (C1).
- + in intermediate not too close to C1 (allow on or "below" a line from C2 to C6).
- M3 arrow into hexagon unless Kekule.
- Allow M3 arrow independent of M2 structure.
- Ignore base removing H in M3.
- + on H in intermediate loses M2 not M3.

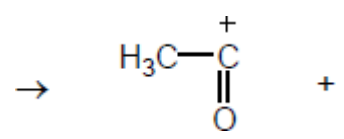
3

[11]

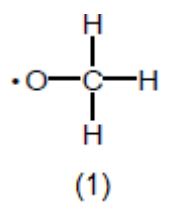
6



OR  $\left[ \text{C}_3\text{H}_6\text{O}_2 \right]^{+\bullet}$   
 NOT penalise missing brackets.  
 If wrong ester, no further mark.

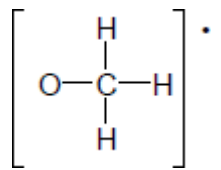


Must be displayed formula



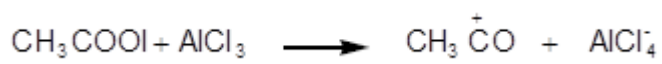
Radical dot must be on O  
 Ignore lone pair(s) on O in addition to single electron

Allow radical with brackets as



Ignore errors in acylium ion.

(b) (i)  $\text{AlCl}_3$  or  $\text{FeCl}_3$   
 If wrong no further marks.



Correct equation scores 2 - contrast with (b)(iii)  
 Allow + on C or O in equation.

(ii) Electrophilic substitution  
 Ignore Friedel crafts.

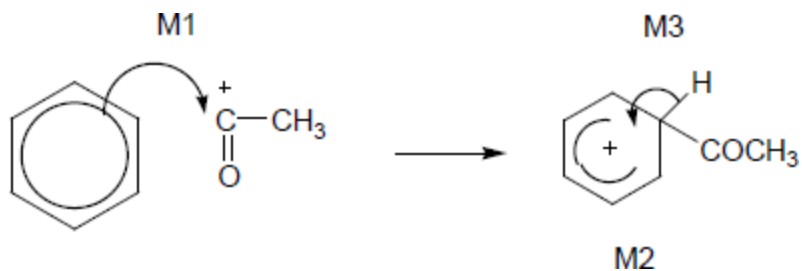
1

1

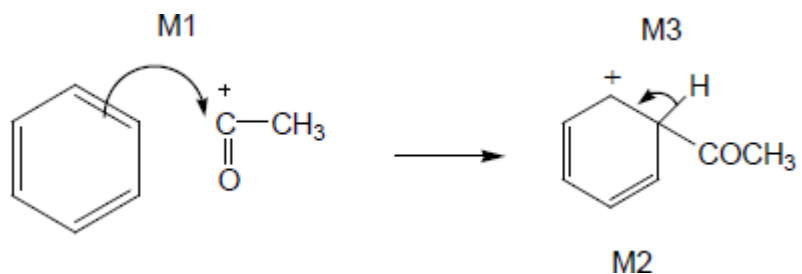
1

1

1



OR

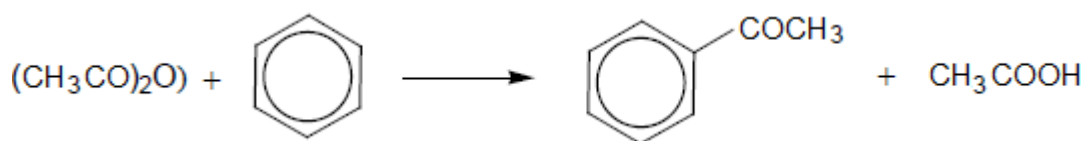


- + must be on C of RCO here
- M1 arrow from within hexagon to C or to + on C
- Gap in horseshoe must approximately be centred around C1 and not extend towards C1 beyond C2 and C6
- + not too close to C1
- M3 arrow into hexagon unless Kekule
- allow M3 arrow independent of M2 structure, i.e. + on H in intermediate loses M2 not M3
- ignore base removing H for M3

3



OR



Correct equation scores 1 – contrast with (b)(i)

Not allow molecular formula for ethanoic anhydride or ethanoic acid.

1

[9]

7

(a) Sn / HCl OR Fe / HCl not conc  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$  nor any  $\text{HNO}_3$

Ignore subsequent use of NaOH

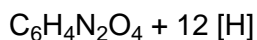
Ignore reference to Sn as a catalyst with the acid

Allow  $\text{H}_2$  (Ni / Pt) but penalise wrong metal

But NOT  $\text{NaBH}_4$   $\text{LiAlH}_4$  Na /  $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH}$

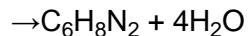
1

**Equation must use molecular formulae**



*12[H] and 4H<sub>2</sub>O without correct molecular formula scores 1 out of 2*

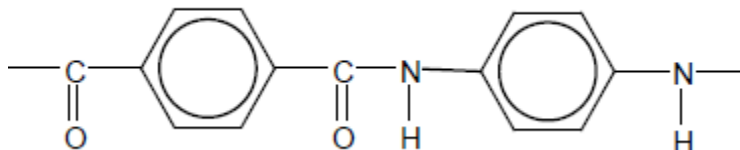
1



*Allow .... + 6H<sub>2</sub> if H<sub>2</sub> / Ni used*

*Allow -CONH- or -COHN- or -C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-*

1



*Mark two halves separately: lose 1 each for*

- error in diamine part*
- error in diacid part*
- error in peptide link*
- missing trailing bonds at one or both ends*
- either or both of H or OH on ends*

*Ignore n*

2

- (b) H<sub>2</sub> (Ni / Pt) but penalise wrong metal  
*NOT Sn / HCl, NaBH<sub>4</sub> etc.*

1



1

In benzene 120°

1

In cyclohexane 109° 28' or 109½°

*Allow 108° - 110°*

If only one angle stated without correct qualification, no mark awarded

1

- (c) (i) Nucleophilic addition

1

