

- 1    **a** 9, 13, 17, 21, 25    **b** 4, 9, 16, 25, 36    **c** 2, 4, 8, 16, 32    **d**  $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{4}{5}, \frac{5}{6}$   
**e** -1, 4, 21, 56, 115    **f**  $\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, 0, -\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{2}{3}$     **g**  $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{7}{8}, \frac{9}{10}$     **h** 16, 8, 4, 2, 1
- 2    **a**  $u_n = 3n + 1$   
 $a = 3, b = 1$                       **b**  $u_n = 7n - 7$   
 $a = 7, b = -7$                       **c**  $u_n = 18 - 2n$   
 $a = -2, b = 18$   
**d**  $u_n = 1.3n - 0.9$                       **e**  $u_n = 117 - 17n$                       **f**  $u_n = 8n - 21$   
 $a = 1.3, b = -0.9$                        $a = -17, b = 117$                        $a = 8, b = -21$
- 3    possible answers are  
**a**  $5n - 4$                       **b**  $3^n$                       **c**  $2n^2$   
**d**  $\frac{1}{4} \times 2^n$                       **e**  $33 - 11n$                       **f**  $(n - 1)^3$   
**g**  $n^2 + 3$                       **h**  $\frac{n}{2n+1}$                       **i**  $2^n - 1$
- 4    **a**  $u_3 = c + 3 = 11 \therefore c = 8$   
**b**  $u_6 = 8 + 3^4 = 89$
- 5    **a**  $u_4 = 4(8 + k) = 32 + 4k$   
 $u_6 = 6(12 + k) = 72 + 6k$   
 $\therefore 72 + 6k = 2(32 + 4k) - 2$   
 $72 + 6k = 62 + 8k$   
 $k = 5$   
**b**  $u_n = n(2n + 5) = 2n^2 + 5n$   
 $u_{n-1} = (n - 1)[2(n - 1) + 5] = (n - 1)(2n + 3) = 2n^2 + n - 3$   
 $\therefore u_n - u_{n-1} = (2n^2 + 5n) - (2n^2 + n - 3) = 4n + 3$
- 6    **a**  $u_1 = k - 3$   
 $u_2 = k^2 - 3$   
 $\therefore k - 3 + k^2 - 3 = 0$   
 $k^2 + k - 6 = 0$   
 $(k + 3)(k - 2) = 0$   
 $k = -3$  or  $2$   
**b**  $k = -3 \Rightarrow u_5 = (-3)^5 - 3 = -243 - 3 = -246$   
 $k = 2 \Rightarrow u_5 = 2^5 - 3 = 32 - 3 = 29$
- 7    **a** 3, 7, 11, 15                      **b** 2, 7, 22, 67  
**c** -2, 1, 7, 19                      **d** 5, 2, 5, 2  
**e** -1, 14, -46, 194                      **f** 10, 3, 2.3, 2.23  
**g** 6, -1,  $1\frac{1}{3}, \frac{5}{9}$                       **h**  $0, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{5}, \frac{5}{12}$
- 8    possible answers are  
**a**  $u_{n+1} = u_n + 4, u_1 = 5$                       **b**  $u_{n+1} = 3u_n, u_1 = 1$                       **c**  $u_{n+1} = u_n - 18, u_1 = 62$   
**d**  $u_{n+1} = \frac{1}{2}u_n, u_1 = 120$                       **e**  $u_{n+1} = 2u_n + 1, u_1 = 4$                       **f**  $u_{n+1} = 4u_n - 1, u_1 = 1$

- 1 a**  $a + 2d = -10$  (1)  
 $\frac{8}{2}(2a + 7d) = 16 \Rightarrow 2a + 7d = 4$   
 $2 \times (1) \Rightarrow 2a + 4d = -20$   
 subtracting,  $3d = 24$   
 $d = 8$   
 sub.  $a = -26$
- b**  $-26 + 8(n - 1) > 300$   
 $n > 41\frac{3}{4} \therefore$  smallest  $n = 42$
- 3 a**  $\frac{9}{2}(2a + 8d) = 126$   
 $9(a + 4d) = 126$   
 $a + 4d = 14$
- b**  $\frac{15}{2}(2a + 14d) = 277.5$   
 $a + 7d = 18.5$   
 subtracting,  $3d = 4.5$   
 $d = 1.5$   
 sub.  $a = 8$
- c**  $S_{32} = \frac{32}{2} [16 + (31 \times 1.5)] = 1000$
- 5 a** AP:  $a = 4, l = 120, n = 30$   
 $S_{30} = \frac{30}{2} (4 + 120) = 1860$
- b i**  $= \sum_{r=1}^{30} 4r + 30 = 1890$
- ii**  $= 2 \times \sum_{r=1}^{30} 4r - (30 \times 5)$   
 $= (2 \times 1860) - 150 = 3570$
- 7 a**  $S_n = 2 + 4 + 6 + \dots + (2n - 2) + 2n$   
 write in reverse  
 $S_n = 2n + (2n - 2) + \dots + 6 + 4 + 2$   
 adding,  $2S_n = n \times (2n + 2)$   
 $S_n = n(n + 1)$
- b** integers 200 to 800, AP:  $n = 601$   
 $S_{601} = \frac{601}{2} (200 + 800) = 300\,500$   
 integers 200 to 800 divisible by 4  
 AP:  $a = 200, l = 800$   
 $200 + 4(n - 1) = 800 \Rightarrow n = 151$   
 $S_{151} = \frac{151}{2} (200 + 800) = 75\,500$   
 required sum =  $300\,500 - 75\,500$   
 $= 225\,000$
- 2 a**  $a + 2d = \frac{5}{6}$   
 $a + 6d = 2\frac{1}{3}$   
 subtracting,  $4d = 1\frac{1}{2}$   
 $d = \frac{3}{8}$   
 sub.  $a = \frac{1}{12}$
- b**  $S_n = \frac{n}{2} [\frac{1}{6} + \frac{3}{8}(n - 1)]$   
 $= \frac{1}{48} n[4 + 9(n - 1)]$   
 $= \frac{1}{48} n(9n - 5) \quad [k = \frac{1}{48}]$
- 4 a**  $(5k + 3) - (7k - 1) = (4k + 1) - (5k + 3)$   
 $-2k + 4 = -k - 2$   
 $k = 6$
- b** given terms = 41, 33, 25  
 $d = -8$   
 smallest +ve term =  $25 + (3 \times -8) = 1$
- c** consider series of +ve terms in reverse  
 $a = 1, d = 8$   
 $S_r = \frac{r}{2} [2 + 8(r - 1)] = r(4r - 3)$
- 6 a**  $500 + (7 \times 40) = \text{£}780$
- b** AP:  $a = 500, d = 40$   
 $S_n = \frac{n}{2} [1000 + 40(n - 1)] = 20n(n + 24)$
- c** AP:  $a = 400, d = 60$   
 $S_n = \frac{n}{2} [800 + 60(n - 1)] = 10n(3n + 37)$   
 $\therefore 20n(n + 24) = 10n(3n + 37)$   
 $n \neq 0 \therefore 2(n + 24) = (3n + 37)$   
 $n = 11 \therefore 11$  years
- 8 a**  $S_n = \frac{1}{2} n[2a + (n - 1)d]$
- b**  $S_2 = \frac{2}{2} (2a + d) = 2a + d$   
 $S_6 = \frac{6}{2} (2a + 5d) = 6a + 15d$   
 $S_8 = \frac{8}{2} (2a + 7d) = 8a + 28d$   
 $2(S_6 - S_2) = 2[(6a + 15d) - (2a + d)]$   
 $= 2(4a + 14d)$   
 $= 8a + 28d = S_8$
- c** for +ve terms  $40 - 3(n - 1) > 0$   
 $n < \frac{43}{3} \therefore 14$  terms  
 $\therefore S_{14} = \frac{14}{2} [80 + (13 \times -3)] = 287$

9 a i  $u_4 - u_1 = x + 3$

$$u_7 = u_4 + (x + 3) = 3x + 6$$

ii  $3d = x + 3$

$$d = \frac{1}{3}x + 1$$

iii  $S_{10} = \frac{10}{2} [2x + 9(\frac{1}{3}x + 1)]$   
 $= 5[2x + 3x + 9] = 25x + 45$

b  $x + 19(\frac{1}{3}x + 1) = 52$

$$3x + 19x + 57 = 156$$

$$x = \frac{99}{22} = \frac{9}{2} \text{ or } 4\frac{1}{2}$$

10  $S_{20} = \frac{20}{2} (2a + 19d) = 20a + 190d$

$$S_{30} = \frac{30}{2} (2a + 29d) = 30a + 435d$$

$$S_{30} - S_{20} = 10a + 245d$$

$$\therefore 20a + 190d = 10a + 245d$$

$$10a = 55d$$

$$2a = 11d$$

$$\therefore a : d = 11 : 2$$

11 a  $S_6 = 12(16 - 6) = 120$

$$S_5 = 10(16 - 5) = 110$$

$$u_6 = S_6 - S_5 = 10$$

b  $S_n = 2n(16 - n) = 32n - 2n^2$

$$S_{n-1} = 2(n-1)[16 - (n-1)]$$

$$= 2(n-1)(17 - n)$$

$$= -2n^2 + 36n - 34$$

$$u_n = S_n - S_{n-1}$$

$$= (32n - 2n^2) - (-2n^2 + 36n - 34)$$

$$= 34 - 4n$$

c  $u_{n-1} = 34 - 4(n-1) = 38 - 4n$

$$u_n - u_{n-1} = (34 - 4n) - (38 - 4n) = -4$$

$$u_n - u_{n-1} \text{ constant } \therefore \text{ arithmetic series}$$

12 a i  $2400 + (5 \times 250) = 3650$

ii AP:  $a = 2400, d = 250$

$$S_{10} = \frac{10}{2} [4800 + (9 \times 250)]$$

$$= 35\,250$$

b AP:  $a = 2400, d = C$

$$\frac{10}{2} [4800 + (9 \times C)] = 40\,000$$

$$C = \frac{3200}{9} = 356 \text{ (nearest unit)}$$

13 a let common difference be  $d$

$$S_r = a + (a + d) + (a + 2d) + \dots + (l - 2d) + (l - d) + l$$

write in reverse

$$S_r = l + (l - d) + (l - 2d) + \dots + (a + 2d) + (a + d) + a$$

adding,  $2S_r = r \times (a + l)$

$$S_r = \frac{1}{2} r(a + l)$$

b  $n = 18, l = 68, S_{18} = 153$

$$\therefore 153 = \frac{18}{2} (a + 68)$$

$$a = 17 - 68 = -51$$